CleanEnergy States Alliance

Leveraging Federal Funding for Transmission Technologies and Renewable Energy Integration

August 22, 2023

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The Clean Energy States Alliance (CESA) is a national, nonprofit coalition of public agencies and organizations working together to advance clean energy.

CESA members—mostly state agencies include many of the most innovative, successful, and influential public funders of clean energy initiatives in the country.

Celebrating 20 Years of State Leadership CleanEnergy States Alliance

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CleanEnergy States Alliance



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100% Clean Energy Collaborative

Assisting the 22 states (plus DC and Puerto Rico) that have 100% clean energy goals by providing knowledge-sharing activities and analysis so that together they can address program challenges and opportunities.

Resources include a monthly newsletter; a web-based *Guide to 100% Clean Energy States*; frequent public and private webinars; and numerous reports.



www.cesa.org/100



Clean Energy States Alliance

IRA & BIL Implementation

Helping states navigate opportunities surrounding the Inflation Reduction Act and the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law.

Providing states with information, tailored guidance, and opportunities for collaboration to capitalize on billions of dollars in federal clean energy opportunities.

www.cesa.org/projects/ira-bil-implementation



CleanEnergy States Alliance



Webinar Speakers







Mike Razanousky Senior Project Manager, NYSERDA

Joseph Lookup Director of Asset Management, PPL Corporation





Julia Selker Executive Director, the Working for Advanced Transmission Technologies (WATT) Coalition



Working for Advanced

Leveraging Federal Funding for Transmission Technologies and Renewable Energy Integration | August 22, 2023





WATT COALITION ransmission Technologie



Bentham Paulos Senior Research Associate, Clean Energy States Alliance







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Upcoming Webinars

An Equitable Solar Access Pilot Project in Minnesota benefitting Manufactured (Mobile) Home Residents (8/31)

Energize Your Impact: How Funders & Donors Can Support Equitable Solar Power (9/6)

Predevelopment Funding for LMI Solar and Storage Projects: A Case Study from New York (9/19)

Read more and register at www.cesa.org/webinars



Grid Enhancing Technologies August 22, 2023



Dynamic Line Rating Systems

- <u>Contact (Tension, Temperature)</u>
 - Ampacimon
- <u>Weather</u>
 - Wind Sim
- <u>Lidar</u>
 - Line Vision





Demonstrations in NY – Building on FERC 881 Order (Ambient Air)

Dynamic Line Rating Projects

Avangrid

• Line Vision & Wind Sim Démonstrations

National Grid

• Maintenance – Line Vision

Contact

• Other state utilities have demonstrated in past

Power Flow Controls

- Phase Shifting Transformers (PST)
- Series Reactors
- Distributed Series Compensators (DSC)
- Series Capacitors
- Unified Power Flow Controllers (UPFC)
- > High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC)
- Energy Storage (ES)



Power Flow Controls

Demonstrations in NY

Static Var Compensator - ABB

≻ Marcy - NYPA

► PST

Linden Generator – Con Edison

DSC - Smart Wires

Mobile Unit – Avangrid

➢ Permanent – CHG&E



Controlled voltage 345 kV SVC rating 300 Mvar inductive to 270 Mvar capacitive Control system Three-phase voltage control by means of a voltage regulator Thyristor valves Water/glycol cooled three-phase valves with indirect firing

Energy Storage – Transmission & Distribution Applications

NY BEST SATA Study - Use Cases in NY

Use Case 1:

N-1 Security Constraint Management

- Under summer and winter peak conditions, Y-50 will be 119% and 117% overloaded, respectively.
- Study shows that SATA can increase the transfer limit by approximately 200 MW.
- Implementation of SATA can increase the utilization of the interface between Zones I & J and Zone K by 1,547 GWh over 1 year.

Use Case 2: Voltage Support Services

- In a scenario where up to 3 generators go down, SATA has increased the utilization of the Central East interface from 22,000 GWh to 23,000 GWh.
- Without the SATA, the Central East interface is congested for 3,037 hours, and the congestion cost is \$142M;
- With the SATA, the total congestion drops to 2,028 hours, and the congestion cost is \$91M

Use Case 3:

Example of Reduced Local Capacity

Requirement

- In the case of a double outage (M51 and M52), the transfer limit without SATA was 2,645 MW, while the transfer limit with SATA was 2,974 MW.
- With the incremental 329.5 MW in the TSL, Zone J can purchase an additional 329.5 MW capacity from upstate New York and reduce the LCR requirement by 329.5 MW, which is by around 2.9%.

Energy Storage – Potential Study

Examines energy storage as an <u>alternative solution</u> to address <u>specific grid needs</u>, which can defer investment in costly traditional wire solutions.

- The use cases in this paper rely on identifying potential bottlenecks or specific locations on the grid that are prone to failure (i.e. identifying a specific grid need that energy storage can address).
- The additional capacity needed to address the grid need will inform the optimal sizing of the storage system.
- Production cost modeling with 8,760 hours of operation may inform project costs and benefits, once optimal size of battery is identified.

Further consideration is needed to understand and model energy storage for long-term planning purposes.

- Alongside thinking about how storage can address certain problems, we need to model the characteristics and behavior of energy storage technologies so that they reflect the capabilities of these resources in long-term planning studies.
- How do we model energy storage such that we can be confident that the power system models are correctly simulating the operations (individually and in coordination) of numerous storage resources?
 - What criteria are important and must be included to model the storage resource?
 - Capacity, duration, round-trip efficiency, depth of discharge, charge/discharge speed, operating temperature, degradation, response time, etc.

Additional Information

New York Advanced Technologies Working Group – Task Forces (ES, DLR, & PFC) <u>https://jointutilitiesofny.org/advanced-technologies-working-group</u>

> New York Power Authority's Agile Lab

https://www.nypa.gov/innovation/digital-utility/agile-lab

> NYSERDA Funding Opportunities - PON 4393 – Future Grid- GETs

https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/All-Programs/Grid-Modernization-Program



Thank You Michael Razanousky





Clean Energy States Alliance (CESA) Grid Enhancing Technologies Webinar

Joseph Lookup – Director of Asset Management

What is DLR

DLR is a system of installed line sensors used to measure conductor and environmental real time data to determine a real time rating instead of assumed condition values.

Traditional Line Ratings (Existing)

Assumes:

- Wind speed
- Ambient Temperature
- Solar Radiation

Ratings:

- Seasonal ratings Planning limitations
- Ambient Adjusted (Operations)
 - Conservatively Calculates Ratings

Dynamic Line Ratings

Measures:

- Wind speed
- Ambient Temperature
- Conductor Temperature
- Conductor Sag

Ratings:

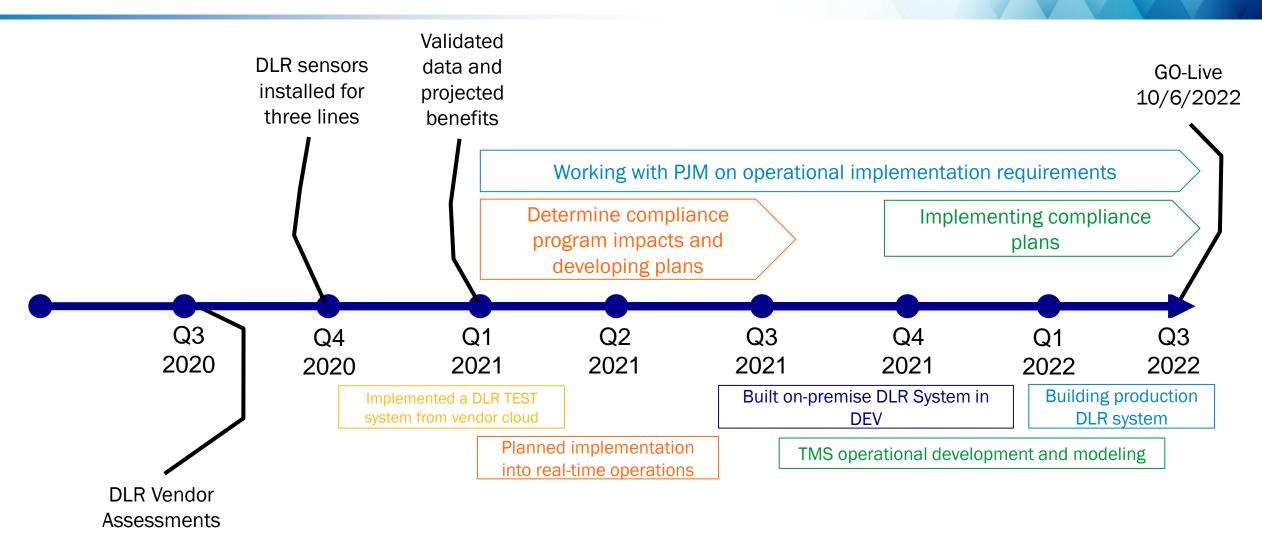
- Provides accurate Real-Time Ratings
- Allows forecasted ratings

Asset Health:

Measures conductor health



Our Roadmap So Far....





Transmission Planning – Congestion Solution

- Step 1: Identified need(s) on transmission lines
- Step 2: Alternative Analysis
- Step 3: Asset management/economic analysis
- Step 4: Submitted in PJM market efficiency window
- Step 5: Full study with our RTO to confirm

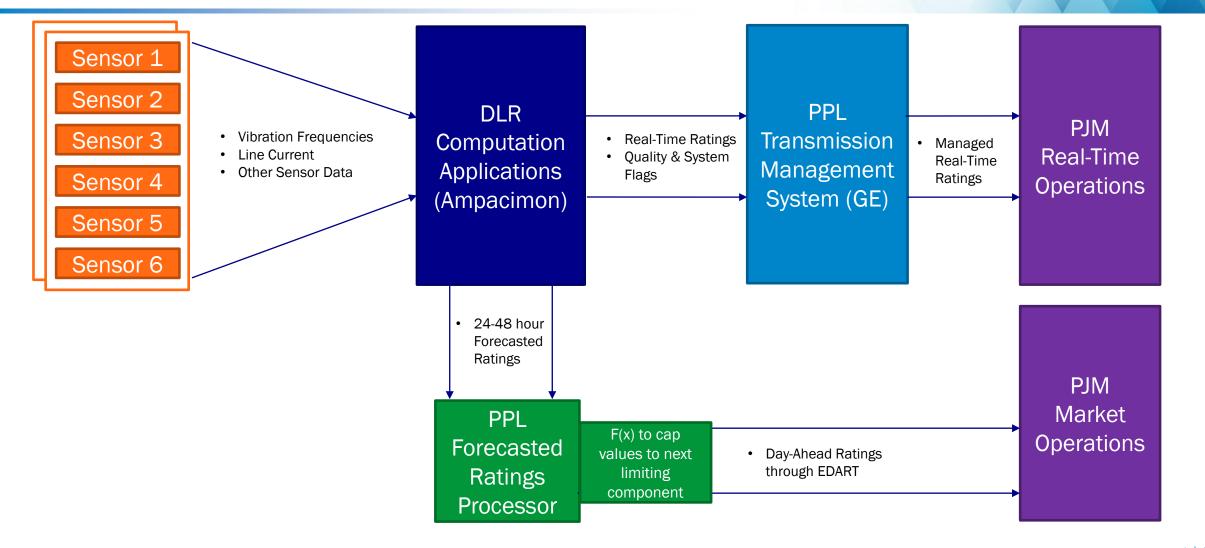
2020/21 RTEP Market Efficiency Window Eligible Energy Market Congestion Drivers* (Posted 03-05-2021)				ME Base Case (Annual Congestion \$million)				ME Base Case (Hours Binding)	
FG#	Constraint	FROM AREA	TO AREA	2025 Simulated Year		S	2028 imulated Year	2025 Simulated Year	2028 Simulated Year
ME-1	Kammer North to Natrium 138 kV	AEP	AEP	\$	2.02	\$	6.56	69	167
ME-3	Junction to French's Mill 138 kV	APS	APS	\$	9.18	\$	11.97	276	301
ME-4	Yukon to AA2-161 Tap 138 kV	APS	APS	\$	4.36	\$	5.16	1742	1958
ME-5	Charlottesville to Proffit Rd Del Pt 230 kV	DOM	DOM	\$	3.76	\$	4.96	121	124
ME-6	Plymouth Meeting to Whitpain 230 kV	PECO	PECO	\$	3.33	\$	4.09	111	101
ME-7	Cumberland to Juniata 230 kV***	PLGRP	PLGRP	\$	9.00	\$	6.61	213	179
ME-8	Harwood to Susquehanna 230 kV***	PLGRP	PLGRP	\$	14.49	\$	8.69	830	501

Result:

Awarded PJM in market efficiency project

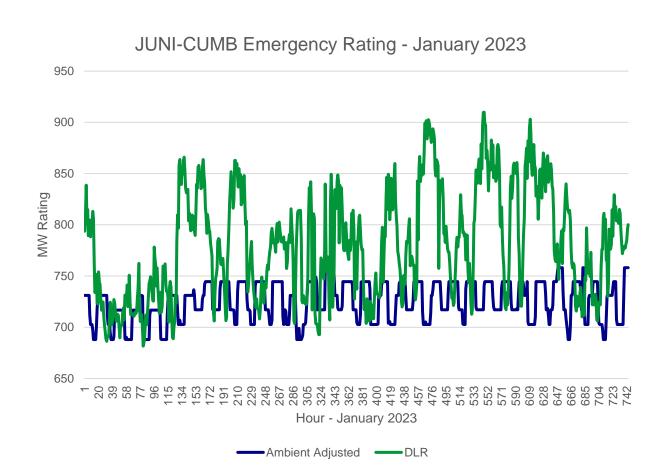


Ratings Data Flow



Juniata – Cumberland Results

- Live Since October 2022
- Increase in Ratings:
 - ~18% Average Normal Rating
 - ~10% Average Emergency Rating
- Saved customers over \$60 million in Congestion generation costs





PPL leads the way in Dynamic Line Ratings (DLR)

- To resolve market efficiency and congestion issues non-wired solution
- Utilized into real-time operations in our Transmission Management System (TMS)
- Integrated DLR into Regional Transmission Organization (RTO) real-time energy market, during October 2022

Estimated to save customers over **\$23 million** in congested generation costs **annually**





Challenges: Solved and Ongoing

- NERC standards impacts and processes
- Ratings management:
 - Failure contingency
 - Honoring next most limiting component
- Regional transmission operator and stakeholder coordination
- Best practices for ratings validation
- Ratings methodologies industry best practices:
 - Real-time
 - Long-term forecasts
- Large scale system considerations, risks and mitigations

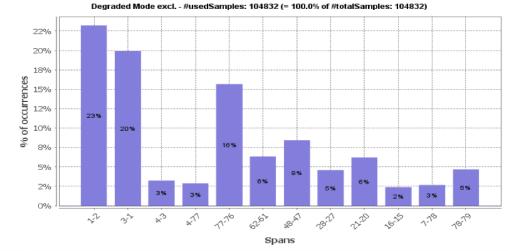






Targets Span Identification





2

Required Span Selection Rules

- Orientation between spans changes more than 15°
 - → To capture variability in wind direction
- Distance is greater than 6.2 miles (10 km)
- Conductor or number of sub-conductor change
- Span safety concerns
- Utility span data identifies high risk span(s)



Installation

• One phase per identified span

4

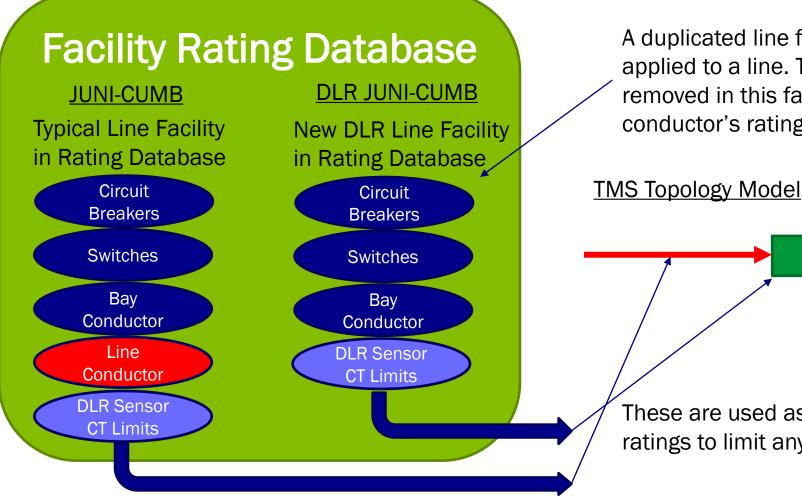
- Sensor mounted 5 10% of the total span length from either tower
- Live Line Installation Via Helicopter and from ground
- Mounting procedure is 5 10 minutes per sensor



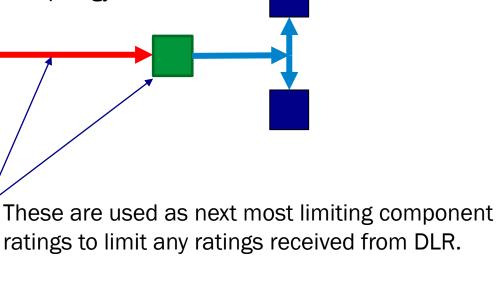


Business Use 2022 PPL Corporation

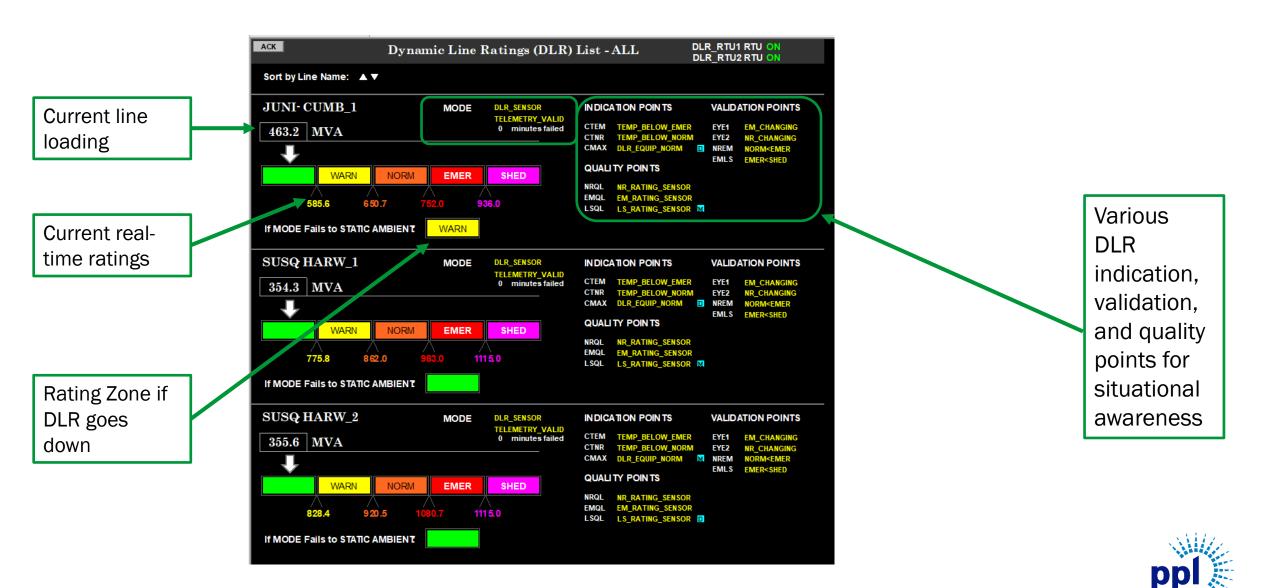
FAC-008 Operations Considerations



A duplicated line facility is created when DLR is applied to a line. The line conductor ratings are removed in this facility since the line conductor's rating will be dynamic.



TMS Operator Display



Federal Funding for Grid Enhancing Technologies



Julia Selker, Executive Director Working for Advanced Transmission Technologies (WATT) Coalition

8.22.2023

Working for Advanced Transmission Technologies

Mission: The Working for Advanced Transmission Technologies (WATT) Coalition advocates for policy that supports wide deployment of Grid Enhancing Technologies (GETs) to accelerate the clean energy transition and lower energy costs.



www.watt-transmission.org

WAT

DOE programs for GETs deployments - \$14B total

- Preventing Outages and Enhancing the Resilience of the Electric Grid Grants
 - Matching grants for industry 40101(c)
 - State and tribal formula grants 40101(d)
- Smart Grid Investment Grants 40107
- Grid Innovation Program 40103(b)
- Energy Improvement in Rural & Remote Areas Program (ERA) -40103(c)

First round awards expected Q3/4 2023, new opportunities Q1 2024



Groundwork for Grants

States are grantees in 40101(d), Smart Grid, Grid Innovation, ERA

- Partner with technology vendors
- Partner with your utilities

Utilities are grantees in 40101(c), Smart Grid, ERA (nonprofits only)

Push utilities to pursue funding – open dockets, write letters



Other state leverage on grid optimization

- FERC Order 881, Order 2023 implementation
 - 881: Upgrade systems to use DLR in addition to AAR
 - 2023: Utilities have full discretion on how to evaluate and implement transmission technologies
 - And beyond: MISO Congestion Reconfiguration Process, ERCOT economic transmission planning
- Pursue funding for *studies* that utilities will use to deploy GETs
 - A study of the KS and OK grids found \$90m in GETs deployments would unlock 2,500 MW of renewable development - <u>\$175m/year in benefits</u>





Working for Advanced Transmission Technologies

For more information contact Julia Selker / jselker@gridstrategiesllc.com www.watt-transmission.org





Grid-Enhancing Technologies (GETs):

hardware or software that increases the capacity, efficiency, and/or reliability of transmission facilities



Dynamic Line Ratings

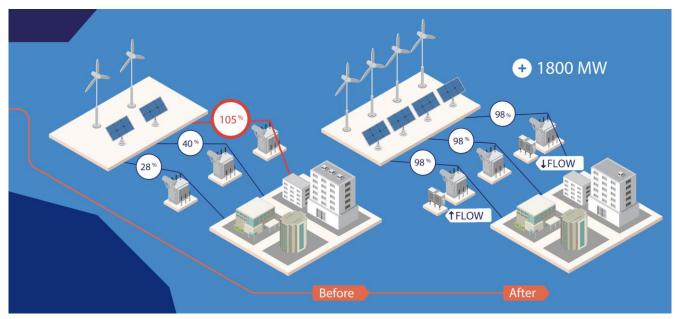
Advanced Topology Control

Measure the true capacity of transmission lines based on ambient conditions Reroutes power from congested to underutilized lines

Identifies grid reconfigurations to reroute flows around bottlenecks



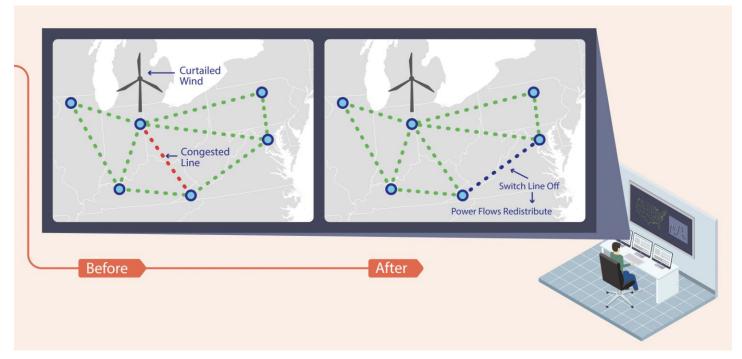
Advanced Power Flow Control



Deployments in the UK by National Grid unlocked capacity for <u>1.5 GW of new renewable energy saving UK ratepayers over \$500 million</u>



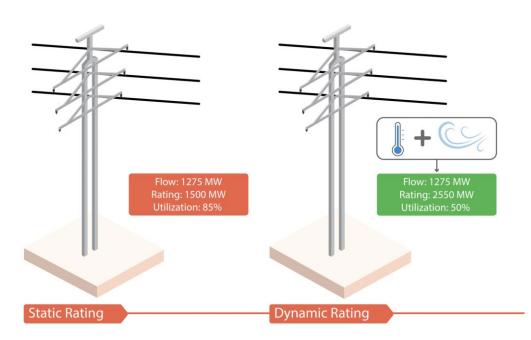
Topology Optimization



Topology optimization reduced curtailment of one wind farm by 77%



Dynamic Line Ratings



Results from 2021 deployment in 3 states:

DLR exceeded static reference ratings by

- 9-33% in winter
- 26-36% in summer

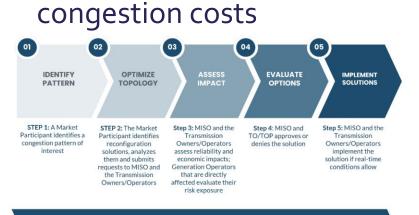
DLR exceeded static ratings over 85% of the time

From <u>A Guide to Case Studies of</u> <u>Grid Enhancing Technologies</u>



GETs going mainstream:

 MISO reconfiguration process to reduce



PPL wins 95th Edison Award for DLR integration

 ERCOT evaluates DLR in economic transmission planning to resolve congestion

Exit

If an economic reconfigure is no longer effective or reliable due to changes in system conditions, or fails one of the initial screening criteria, MISO and the TO/TOP will exit the congestion cost reconfiguration.



Benefits of Grid Enhancing Technologies (GETs)

Economic, Reliability and Clean Energy Benefits

Cost Savings

- Decreased congestion costs estimated savings of \$2-4 billion per year
- Lowest cost increase in transmission capacity often >20% average increase
- GETs are very low cost: roughly \$0.5k \$25m per installation
- Increased capacity enables lower-cost renewable generation

Cleaner energy, faster

- GETs can <u>double</u> the integration of new renewable energy capacity of a transmission system, without any new lines
- GETs deploy in months for rapid energy transition

Reliability through flexibility and awareness

 Data-driven decisions, real-time visibility, and enhanced control over the system support reliable grid operation



Barriers to Adoption

Why are these beneficial technologies not being used?

Awareness

• Many planners, utility executives, regulators, and stakeholders are unfamiliar with advanced transmission technologies and their benefits

No Incentive to Innovate

- Can't be blamed for doing things the same way as usual
- Lower returns on lower capital cost expenditures



Advanced Power Flow Control

Meets current flexibility needs

— A set of technologies that effectively pushes or pulls power away from overloaded lines and onto underutilized corridors within the existing transmission network

-Serves as a "valve" to control power flow

Technological benefits

- Quickly deployed
- Easily scaled to meet the size of the need
- Able to be redeployed to new parts of the grid when no longer needed in current location

<u>See a deployment in UK</u>, saving customers more than £300 million and adding 1.5 GW of capacity



Dynamic Line Rating

Increases capacity on existing transmission lines

 Calculates ratings based on actual monitored conditions rather than fixed worst-case assumptions

- Even a relatively low amount of wind can cool the line, significantly increasing its rating and reducing curtailments and congestion

Improves reliability

- Provides forecasted ratings up to 48 hours ahead, and improves reliability by alerting operators to conditions such as clearance violations

— Estimates of increased capacity have been 40 percent, 30 to 70 percent, and 30 to 44 percent on three different tests

(US Department of Energy, Dynamic Line Rating Systems for Transmission Lines, April 2014, https://www.smartgrid.gov/files/SGDP_Transmission_DLR_Topical_Report_04-25-14_FINAL.pdf)

Belgium has been managing its transmission system with widespread use of Dynamic Line Ratings for over a decade.



Advanced Topology Control

Evenly distributes flow over the network

- A software technology that automatically identifies reconfigurations of the grid to route power flow around congested or overloaded transmission elements
- Reconfigurations are implemented through switching on/off existing high voltage circuit breakers
- Optimization increases the transfer capacity of the grid

Congestion and curtailment reduction

- Can reduce congestion by up to 50 percent and improve response to contingencies
- Can reduce renewable energy curtailment by up to 40 percent

See the potential impact of topology optimization in MISO as presented to FERC.

