SOLAR FOR ALL - BUILD AMERICA BUY AMERICA TERMS AND CONDITIONS

NATIONAL SOLAR FOR ALL NETWORK

What: This document brings together in one place the sections of the EPA General Terms and Conditions and the Specific Solar for All (SFA) Terms and Conditions applicable to SFA programs and projects with respect to Build America, Buy America (BABA) requirements.

Who: It can be used as reference for **grantees**, both **prime** and **subrecipients**, **contractors**, **solar manufacturers**, **administrators**, and other **stakeholders** involved in program implementation to understand the details of the rules as written by EPA. Additional information is available on the <u>CESA website</u> to help introduce those who are not familiar with it to BABA before delving into these rules, as well as examples of certification letters and other relevant material.

Section 49. of the EPA General Terms and Conditions Applicable to Solar for All Programs

Build America, Buy America – Required Use of American Iron, Steel, Manufactured Products, and Construction Materials (effective October 23, 2023, and forward)

Buy America Preference. Recipients of an award of Federal financial assistance from a program for infrastructure are hereby notified that none of the funds provided under this award may be used for an infrastructure project unless:

- (1) All iron and steel used in the project are produced in the United States—this means all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States;
- (2) All manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States this means the manufactured product was manufactured in the United States; and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product, unless another standard that meets or exceeds this standard has been established under applicable law or regulation for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured product; and



(3) All construction materials are manufactured in the United States—this means that all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States. The construction material standards are listed below.

Incorporation into an infrastructure project. The Buy America Preference only applies to articles, materials, and supplies that are consumed in, incorporated into, or affixed to an infrastructure project. As such, it does not apply to tools, equipment, and supplies, such as temporary scaffolding, brought to the construction site and removed at or before the completion of the infrastructure project. Nor does a Buy America Preference apply to equipment and furnishings, such as movable chairs, desks, and portable computer equipment, that are used at or within the finished infrastructure project, but are not an integral part of the structure or permanently affixed to the infrastructure project.

Categorization of articles, materials, and supplies. An article, material, or supply should only be classified into one of the following categories: (i) Iron or steel products; (ii) Manufactured products; (iii) Construction materials; or (iv) Section 70917(c) materials. An article, material, or supply should not be considered to fall into multiple categories. In some cases, an article, material, or supply may not fall under any of the categories listed in this paragraph. The classification of an article, material, or supply as falling into one of the categories listed in this paragraph must be made based on its status at the time it is brought to the work site for incorporation into an infrastructure project. In general, the work site is the location of the infrastructure project at which the iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials will be incorporated.

Application of the Buy America Preference by category. An article, material, or supply incorporated into an infrastructure project must meet the Buy America Preference for only the single category in which it is classified.

Determining the cost of components for manufactured products. In determining whether the cost of components for manufactured products is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components, use the following instructions:

- (a) For components purchased by the manufacturer, the acquisition cost, including transportation costs to the place of incorporation into the manufactured product (whether or not such costs are paid to a domestic firm), and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued); or
- (b) For components manufactured by the manufacturer, all costs associated with the manufacture of the component, including transportation costs as described in paragraph (a), plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the manufactured product.



Construction material standards. The Buy America Preference applies to the following construction materials incorporated into infrastructure projects. Each construction material is followed by a standard for the material to be considered "produced in the United States." Except as specifically provided, only a single standard should be applied to a single construction material.

- (1) Non-ferrous metals. All manufacturing processes, from initial smelting or melting through final shaping, coating, and assembly, occurred in the United States.
- (2) Plastic and polymer-based products. All manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent plastic or polymer-based inputs, or, where applicable, constituent composite materials, until the item is in its final form, occurred in the United States.
- (3) Glass. All manufacturing processes, from initial batching and melting of raw materials through annealing, cooling, and cutting, occurred in the United States.
- (4) Fiber optic cable (including drop cable). All manufacturing processes, from the initial ribboning (if applicable), through buffering, fiber stranding and jacketing, occurred in the United States. All manufacturing processes also include the standards for glass and optical fiber, but not for nonferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products, or any others.
- (5) Optical fiber. All manufacturing processes, from the initial preform fabrication stage through the completion of the draw, occurred in the United States.
- (6) Lumber. All manufacturing processes, from initial debarking through treatment and planing, occurred in the United States.
- (7) Drywall. All manufacturing processes, from initial blending of mined or synthetic gypsum plaster and additives through cutting and drying of sandwiched panels, occurred in the United States.
- (8) Engineered wood. All manufacturing processes from the initial combination of constituent materials until the wood product is in its final form, occurred in the United States.

Waivers. When supported by rationale provided in IIJA §70914, the recipient may submit a waiver request in writing to EPA. Recipients should request guidance on the submission instructions of an EPA waiver request from the EPA Project Officer for this agreement. A list of approved EPA waivers (general applicability and project specific) is available on the EPA Build America, Buy America website.

EPA may waive the application of the Buy America Preference when it has determined that one of the following exceptions applies:

(1) applying the Buy America Preference would be inconsistent with the public interest;



- (2) the types of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality; or
- (3) the inclusion of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

For questions regarding the Build America, Buy America Act requirements for this assistance agreement or to determine if there is an approved waiver in place, please contact the EPA Project Officer for this agreement.

Definitions. For legal definitions and sourcing requirements, the recipient must consult the EPA Build America, Buy America website, 2 CFR Part 184, and the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Memorandum M-24-02 Implementation Guidance on Application of Buy America Preference in Federal Financial Assistance Programs for Infrastructure.

Specific Terms and Conditions, Section III.K. - Additional Programmatic Terms and Conditions, Build America, Buy America Act

K. Build America, Buy America Act

The Build America, Buy America Act – Public Law 117-58, requires the EPA to ensure that for any activity related to the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of infrastructure, "none of the funds made available for a Federal Financial Assistance program for infrastructure, including each deficient program, may be obligated for a project unless all of the iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials used in the project are produced in the United States." (P.L. 117-58, Secs 70911 – 70917).

The Recipient is bound to the <u>EPA Build America</u>, <u>Buy America General Term and Condition</u>, which outlines the Build America, Buy America (BABA) requirements that all Recipients of EPA Financial Assistance awards must comply with.

Under the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, BABA requirements apply to forms of Financial Assistance that directly fund and are directly linked to specific infrastructure projects that were not completed prior to the date the Recipient's award funds were obligated by the EPA.

EPA interprets the definition of infrastructure consistent with 2 CFR 184 and M-24-02 (memorandum dated as of October 23, 2023), including the "public function" test, when



determining whether projects qualify as public infrastructure, based on the Civil Rights Act definition of public accommodation.

The following types of Greenhouse Gas Reduction projects are deemed infrastructure for the purposes of BABA applicability:

- 1. The public infrastructure portion of any property (e.g., retail in a mixed-use multifamily property) where the principal purpose of the Financial Assistance is to directly benefit such portion of the property;
- 2. Privately-owned commercial buildings when they meet the "public function" test;
- 3. Residential-serving community solar projects, which EPA deems "structures, facilities, and equipment that generate, transport, and distribute energy" per 2 CFR 184.4(c).

The following types of Greenhouse Gas Reduction projects are not deemed infrastructure for the purposes of BABA applicability:

- 1. Single family homes;
- 2. Privately-owned, non-mixed-use, multi-family housing properties;
- 3. Privately-owned residential portions of mixed-use properties;
- 4. Any privately-owned, behind-the-meter energy generation and storage project that does not otherwise meet the definition of infrastructure.

The inclusion of the following types of funding, support, guarantee, or sponsorship in the funding stack of any Greenhouse Gas Reduction fund project does not trigger BABA, in and of itself or in combination:

- 1. Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC);
- 2. Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac Backed Multifamily Mortgages;
- 3. Federal Housing Administration Insured Multifamily Mortgages;
- 4. HUD Section 8 Funding;
- 5. Other Federal, State, Tribal, or Local Housing Assistance Funding Sources: in general, subsidies issued by federal, state, Tribal, or local housing assistance funding sources that do not confer equity or ownership stakes for the governmental funding source do not trigger BABA applicability.

BABA applicability is assessed at the time of provision of Financial Assistance based on the terms, limitations, and requirements of the Financial Assistance. Applicability does not change retroactively based on a change of use (e.g., if a ground floor apartment is rezoned for a restaurant). Recipients may not temporarily modify or mischaracterize usage to intentionally avoid BABA compliance.



If the Recipient encounters a situation that presents uncertainties regarding Build America, Buy America applicability under this Assistance Agreement, the Recipient must discuss the situation with the EPA Project Officer before authorizing work on the project.

